

Amendments to the Specification:

Please replace the existing cross-reference to related applications section with the following replacement section.

~~This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application 60/137,010, filed June 1, 1999, which is hereby incorporated herein in its entirety.~~

This application is a continuation of U.S. Application No. 09/585,817, filed June 1, 2000, which claims the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) of U.S. Application No. 60/137,010, filed June 1, 1999, which is hereby incorporated herein in its entirety. This application is also a continuation of U.S. Application No. 09/585,817, filed June 1, 2000, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application No. 09/580,015, filed May 26, 2000, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application No. 09/322,289, filed May 28, 1999, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Application No. 09/201,430, filed November 30, 1998, which claims the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) of U.S. Application Nos. 60/080,970, filed April 7, 1998, and 60/067,740, filed December 2, 1997.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 10, line 12 of the specification with the following replacement paragraph.

Fig. 10: Lymphocyte Proliferation Assay on spleen cells from AN1792-treated (Fig. 10A)(upper panel) or PBS-treated (Fig. 10B)-(lower panel).

Please replace the paragraph on page 10, beginning on line 26 with the following replacement paragraph.

Figs. 15(A-E)A-E: A β levels in the cortex of 12-month old PDAPP mice treated with AN1792 or AN1528 in combination with different adjuvants. The A β level for individual mice in each treatment group, and the median, mean, and p values for each treatment group are shown.

After the paragraph beginning on page 10, line 26, please add the following five new paragraphs.

Fig. 15A: The values for mice in the PBS-treated control group and the untreated control group.

Fig. 15B: The values for mice in the AN1528/alum and AN1528/MPL-treatment groups.

Fig. 15C: The values for mice in the AN1528/QS21 and AN1792/Freund's adjuvant treatment groups.

Fig. 15D: The values for mice in the AN1792/Thimerosol and AN1792/alum treatment groups.

Fig. 15E: The values for mice in the AN1792/MPL and AN1792/QS21 treatment groups.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 74, line 18, with the following replacement paragraph:

Spleens were removed from nine AN1792-immunized and 12 PBS-immunized 18-month old PDAPP mice 7 days after the ninth immunization. Splenocytes were isolated and cultured for 72 h in the presence of A β 40, A β 42, or A β 40-1 (reverse order protein). The mitogen Con A served as a positive control. Optimum responses were obtained with >1.7 μ M protein. Cells from all nine AN1792-treated animals proliferated in response to either A β 1-40 or A β 1-42 protein, with equal levels of incorporation for both proteins (Fig. 10A)(Fig. 10, Upper Panel). There was no response to the A β 40-1 reverse protein. Cells from control animals did not respond to any of the A β proteins (Fig. 10B)(Fig. 10, Lower Panel).

Please delete the following paragraph on page 88, line 12:

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Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 91, line 17, with the following replacement paragraph:

To prepare formulation doses with alum (Groups 1 and 5). A β peptide in PBS was added to Alhydrogel (two percent aqueous aluminum hydroxide gel, Sargeant, Inc., Clifton, NJ) to reach concentrations of 100 μ g A β ~~peptide per 2 mg of alum~~^{peptide per 1 mg of alum}. 10X PBS was added to a final dose volume of 200 ml in 1X PBS. The suspension was then gently mixed for approximately 4 hr at RT prior to injection.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 92, line 3, with the following replacement paragraph:

To prepare formulation doses with Freund's Adjuvant (Group 4), 100 μ g of AN1792 in 200 μ l PBS was emulsified 1:1 (vol:vol) with Complete Freund's Adjuvant (CFA) in a final volume of 400 μ l for the first immunization. For subsequent immunizations, the antigen was similarly emulsified with Incomplete Freund's Adjuvant (IFA). For the formulations containing the adjuvants alum, MPL or QS21, 100 μ g per dose of AN1792 or AN1528 was combined with alum (2 mg per dose)~~(1 mg per dose)~~ or MPL (50 μ g per dose) or QS21 (25 μ g per dose) in a final volume of 200 μ l PBS and delivered by subcutaneous inoculation on the back between the shoulder blades. For the group receiving FA, 100 μ g of AN1792 was emulsified 1:1 (vol:vol) with Complete Freund's adjuvant (CFA) in a final volume of 400 μ l and delivered intraperitoneally for the first immunization, followed by a boost of the same amount of immunogen in Incomplete Freund's adjuvant (IFA) for the subsequent five doses. For the group receiving AN1792 without adjuvant, 10 μ g AN1792 was combined with 5 μ g thimerosal in a final volume of 50 μ l PBS and delivered subcutaneously. The ninth, control group received only 200 μ l PBS delivered subcutaneously. Immunizations were given on a biweekly schedule for the first three doses, then on a monthly schedule thereafter on days 0, 16, 28, 56, 85 and 112. Animals were bled six to seven days following each immunization starting after the second dose for the measurement of antibody titers. Animals were euthanized approximately one week after the final dose. Outcomes were measured by ELISA assay of A β and APP levels in brain and by

immunohistochemical evaluation of the presence of amyloid plaques in brain sections. In addition, A β -specific antibody titers, and A β -dependent proliferative and cytokine responses were determined.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 92, line 25, with the following replacement paragraph:

Table 11~~Table 10~~ shows that the highest antibody titers to A β 1-42 were elicited with FA and AN1792, titers which peaked following the fourth immunization (peak GMT: 75,386) and then declined by 59% after the final, sixth immunization. The peak mean titer elicited by MPL with AN1792 was 62% lower than that generated with FA (peak GMT: 28,867) and was also reached early in the immunization scheme, after 3 doses, followed by a decline to 28% of the peak value after the sixth immunization. The peak mean titer generated with QS-21 combined with AN1792 (GMT: 1,511) was about 5-fold lower than obtained with MPL. In addition, the kinetics of the response were slower, since an additional immunization was required to reach the peak response. Titers generated by alum-bound AN1792 were marginally greater than those obtained with QS-21 and the response kinetics were more rapid. For AN1792 delivered in PBS with thimerosal the frequency and size of titers were barely greater than that for PBS alone. The peak titers generated with MPL and AN1528 (peak GMT 3099) were about 9-fold lower than those with AN1792. Alum-bound AN1528 was very poorly immunogenic with low titers generated in only some of the animals. No antibody responses were observed in the control animals immunized with PBS alone.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 94, line 1, with the following replacement paragraph:

The results of AN1792 or AN1592 treatment with various adjuvants, or thimerosal on cortical amyloid burden in 12-month old mice determined by ELISA are shown in Figs. 15A-E~~Fig. 15~~. In PBS control PDAPP mice (Fig. 15A), the median level of total A β in the cortex at 12 months was 1,817 ng/g. Notably reduced levels of A β were observed in mice

treated with AN1792 plus CFA/IFA (Fig 15C), AN1792 plus alum (Fig 15D), AN1792 plus MPL (Fig 15E) and QS21 plus AN1792 (Fig 15E). The reduction reached statistical significance ($p<0.05$) only for AN1792 plus CFA/IFA (Fig 15C). However, as shown in Examples I and III, the effects of immunization in reducing A β levels become substantially greater in 15 month and 18 month old mice. Thus, it is expected that at least the AN1792 plus alum, AN1792 plus MPL and AN1792 plus QS21 compositions will achieve statistical significance in treatment of older mice. By contrast, the AN1792 plus the preservative thimerosal (Fig 15D) showed a median level of A β about the same as that in the PBS treated mice. Similar results were obtained when cortical levels of A β 42 were compared. The median level of A β 42 in PBS controls was 1624 ng/g. Notably reduced median levels of 403, 1149, 620 and 714 were observed in the mice treated with AN1792 plus CFA/IFA, AN1792 plus alum, AN1792 plus MPL and AN1792 plus QS21 respectively, with the reduction achieving statistical significance ($p=0.05$) for the AN1792 CFA/IFA treatment group. The median level in the AN1792 thimerosal treated mice was 1619 ng/g A β 42.

Please delete the following paragraph on page 98, line 12:

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Please delete the following paragraph on page 100, line 11:

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